Nombre:	

Final Exam Study Guide

PART 1 - CONJUGATION

A. The subject pronouns

usted

	Singular		Plural
yo	(I)	nosotros	(we, masculine)
		nosotras	(we, feminine)
tú	(you, informal)	vosotros	(you, plural, masculine)
		vosotras	(you, plural, feminine)
			*Spain only
él	(he)	ellos	(they, masculine)
ella	(she)	ellas	(they, feminine)

ustedes

(you, plural)

B. Conjugating present tense -ar verbs

(you, formal)

In order to have a correct verb with each subject, the infinitive of the verb is changed so that the verb form agrees with the subject pronoun or noun. Drop the ending -ar and add the endings that belong to the different subjects. This step is called **CONJUGATION**.

cantar = to sing

yo cant <u>o</u>	(I sing)	nosotros cant <u>amos</u> nosotras cant <u>amos</u>	(we sing) (we sing)
tú cant <u>as</u>	(<i>you sing</i>) *informal	vosotros cant <u>áis</u> vosotras cant <u>áis</u>	(you all sing) (you all sing) *Spain only
él cant <u>a</u> ella cant <u>a</u> usted cant <u>a</u>	(he sings) (she sings) (you sing) *formal	ellos cant <u>an</u> ellas cant <u>an</u> ustedes cant <u>an</u>	(they sing) (they sing) (you all sing)

^{*}Know the subject pronouns and how to conjugate -ar, -er and -ir verbs.

PART 2 - TPRS STRUCTURES

*There will be a short story in Spanish. Study the following structures in order to be able to comprehend the reading passage on your exam.

una chica/la chica quiero a girl/the girl I want

un chico/el chico quieres
a boy/the boy you want

un amigo/una amiga quiere
a friend (male)/a friend (female) s/he wants

un elefante tengo an elephant I have

un tigre tienes a tiger you have

la casa tiene the house s/he has

hay le da

there is/are s/he gives to him/her

contento/contenta porque happy (male)/happy (female) because

va a pero goes to but

está en mi is in my

le dice su s/he says to him/her his/her

ve pobre s/he sees poor